Financial assistance to SSI units in Faridkot district, Punjab under SJGSY

†2183. SHRIMATI GURCHARAN KAUR: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state the details and number of small scale industries given financial assistance under Swarn Jayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana (SJGSY) in Faridkot district, Punjab?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI ANNASAHEB M.K. PATIL): Assistance under the Swarnjayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana (SGSY) is provided to the rural poor below the poverty line through a mix of Government subsidy and Bank credit to start self-employment activity by acquiring income generating asset in Primary, Secondary or Tertiary Sector. The number and details of activities assisted under the SGSY during 2001-2002 and 2002-2003 (upto October, 02) in Faridkot district, Punjab are given below:

Name of the Activity	No. of Members Covered		Total Financial Assistance Provided (Rs. In lakh)	
	2001-02	2002-03	2001-02	2002-03
1. Milch Cattle	127	20	43.45	6.82
2. Village Industries	4	5	1.22	1.66
3. Handloom	1	1	0.25	0.26
4. Small Business	24	9	6.74	2.34
5. Mule Cart	5	0	0.98	0.00
6. Others	1	0	0.25	0.00

Employment generation schemes in Madhya Pradesh

2184. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the details of various employment generation schemes under implementation in Madhya Pradesh;

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

(b) the employment generated under these schemes during the last three years;

(c) whether the targets set in this regard were achieved;

(d) if not, the reasons therefor; and

(e) the steps taken to make these schemes more result oriented?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI ANNASAHEB M.K. PATIL): (a) Two rural wage employment programmes, *viz.* the Jawahar Gram Smridhi Yojana (JGSY) and the Employment Assurance Scheme (EAS) were in operation throughout the country including Madhya Pradesh except Delhi and Chandigarh during 1999-2000 to 2001-2002 with the objectives of generation of additional wage employment and development of rural infrastructure. These two programmes were merged into a new scheme called the Sampoorna Gramin Rozgar Yojana (SGRY) with effect from 25th September, 2001 to provide a greater thrust to generation of additional wage employment, infrastructural development and food security in the rural areas. The SGRY is open to all rural poor who are able and willing to do manual labour for the minimum wage prescribed by the concerned State Government. Besides, the Swarnjayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana (SGSY) has also been in operation throughout the country including Madhya Pradesh except Delhi and Chandigarh since 1999-2000 with the objective of bringing the assisted poor families (swarozgaris) above the poverty line by providing them income generating assets through a mix of bank credit and Government subsidy.

(b) to (d) Targets were fixed only under the EAS. The target fixed under the EAS and the mandays generated under the EAS and the JGSY and the number of swarozgaris assisted under the SGSY during 1999-2000 to 2001-2002 in Madhya Pradesh are given in the Statement (*See* below). In the year 1999-2000, shortfall under the EAS was due to restructuring of the Programme which took time to take off.

(e) It has been just one year since the SGRY was launched. The Guidelines of the SGSY have been amended to make the scheme more result-oriented.

Statement

Targets fixed and mandays generated under EAS and JGSY and the number of Swarozgaris assisted under SGSY from 1999—2002
Madhya Pradesh

(*Mandays generated: In lakhs*)

	JGSY/SGRY		EAS/SGRY		SGSY	
Year	Target	Mandays generated	Target	Mandays generated	Target	No. of swarozgaris assisted
1999-2000	—	265.27	418.69	288.9	—	112118
2000-2001	—	208.44	129.06	159.37	—	71823
2001-2002	—	242.52	164.18	225.82	—	63910
TOTAL :	—	716.23	711.93	674.09	—	247851

Implementation of DRDA works in Assam

2185. SHRI DRUPAD BORGOHAIN: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the difficulty in directing Assam Government to rectify the wrong implementation of rural development works through DRDA in Assam; and

(b) whether Government propose to take action against those responsible for non-implementation or wrong-implementaion of DRDA works in Assam?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI ANNASAHEB M.K. PATIL): (a) Government of Assam has reported that rural development programmes sponsored by this Ministry, have been implemented as per guidelines.

(b) Government of Assam has taken the following corrective measures for smooth implementation of rural development programmes:—

* Appointment of Chief Vigilance Commissioner to look into corruption charges against officials.
* Block Level Vigilance and Monitoring Committees have been set up to prevent misuse of public money and to attend to public grievances.